

Woodlands Community Primary School

<u>Long term plan – Music</u>



AUTUMN	
Children will experience learning new songs and how to perform to an audience. Children will also learn music by adding actions and movements to enhance their lessons.	Vocab: beat, tap, rhythm, pitch
Required prior knowledge Children should know: • nursery rhymes and identify environmental sounds	 End point keep a steady beat, recognise and repeat simple rhythms such as syllables in their name learn simple songs and identify loud and quiet be aware of music from other cultures
SPRING	
Children will listen to music from another culture combining their experience with other aspects of the EYFS curriculum. Children will use parts of their body to physically engage with musical patterns.	Vocab: hlgh, low, pattern, repeat
Required prior knowledge Children should know: • new learning	 End point identify high and low sounds, pitch respond to structure of music by following simple visual patterns to create a musical sequence
SUMMER	
Children will combine their musical knowledge to	Vocab: texture, layer, names of some musical instruments

	use simple musical instruments to create stories or scenarios . They will also use music to develop sequences of movements to represent objects or feelings. <u>Required prior knowledge</u> Children should know: • high and low sounds, pitch • how to respond to structure of music by following simple visual patterns to create a musical sequence	such as tambourine, wood blocks chime bars, guiro and cabasa End point • listen and identify layers of sounds • move in response to music
Y1	SPRING Peace at Last	Vocab: pulse, forte, piano, crescendo, diminuendo, graphic
	Children will focus on toy themed music. They will sing toy related action songs. They will explore and use a sequence of vocal and instrumental sounds to create a sound story for Peace at Last. Graphic notation will be introduced to represent sounds and they will create a Toy Story themed journey, sequencing vocal and instrumental sounds. They will listen and move to music in time to the pulse of 'The Nutcracker Suite' by Tchaikovsky.	score, long sound, short sound, high sound, low sound
	 <u>Required prior knowledge</u> Children should know: good use of listening and attention skills consideration of how a piece of music might make them feel some exposure to musical instruments and the sounds they make 	 End point create and perform a Toy Story themed journey using appropriate vocal and instrumental sounds performance of a toy themed song keep a steady pulse moving in time to 'The Nutcracker Suite' by Tchaikovsky
	SUMMER	
	Handa's Surprise/Walking in the Jungle	Vocab: pulse, rhythm, forte, piano, crescendo, diminuendo,

	Children will focus on animal themed music. They will sing animal related songs and listen to selected movements from 'The Carnival of the Animals' by Camille Saint-Saëns. They will explore pulse, rhythm and timbre, and move to simple rhythms created on percussion instruments to represent the movement of jungle animals. They will create a musical jungle story using voice, body percussion and classroom percussion. They will experiment changing dynamics and tempo appropriately.	presto, largo
	 <u>Required prior knowledge</u> Children should know: good use of listening and attention skills consideration of how a piece of music might make them feel some exposure to musical instruments and the sounds they make understanding of patterns e.g. numbers and shape 	 End point create and perform jungle animal rhythms create and perform musical jungle story using voice, body percussion and classroom percussion with appropriate timbre, dynamics and tempo
Y2	SPRING <u>Dinosaur Rap – Dinosaurs</u> Children will focus on listening to, creating and performing dinosaur themed music. They will rehearse and perform a dinosaur rap, create and perform simple dinosaur word rhythm patterns, create a 'Night at the Museum' performance and sing a variety of dinosaur related songs.	Vocab: pulse, rhythm, tempo, timbre, largo, allegro, piano, forte, crescendo, diminuendo
	Required prior knowledge Children should know: • how to create simple word rhythm patterns • exploring suitable timbre of classroom percussion • simple exploration of tempo and dynamics	 End point performance of class Dinosaur rap performance of 'Night at the Museum' using body, voice and classroom percussion instruments

	SUMMER	
	The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch	Vocab: pitch, timbre, forte, piano, crescendo, diminuendo,
	Listening and moving to sea themed pieces of music and convey mood. They will examine the structure of 'Dawn' from	largo, allegro, graphic score, soundscape
	Benjamin Britten's Four Sea interludes and create a	
	soundscape using vocal, body percussion and percussion	
	instruments. Children will represent calm or stormy seas using vocal and body sounds and percussion instruments. They will	
	make links between music, sounds and seaside	
	environments. They will create a seaside soundscape using	
	graphic symbols and perform using vocal sounds, body percussion and untuned percussion Suitable timbre, tempo	
	and dynamics will be explored.	
	Required prior knowledge	End point
	Children should know:	 performance of soundscapes to represent Benjamin Britten's 'Dawn' from 'Four Sea Interludes' using vocal body
	 sounds can be represented through symbols and images 	percussion and percussion instruments
	 exploring suitable timbre of classroom percussion simple exploration of tempo and dynamics 	 create and perform from graphic score symbols to
		represent a seaside soundscape
Y3	AUTUMN	
	<u>Mr Wuffles</u>	Vocab: rhythm, ostinato, crescendo, diminuendo, piano,
	Children focus on space related music. They will sing unison and action songs and listen to the Doctor Who theme, 'Mars'	forte, melody, theme tune, interpretation, graphic score
	from The Planets by Holst and compare it to the gentle music	
	of 'Venus' looking at texture, timbre, structure and metre.	
	They will identify and play the ostinato rhythms within it and	
	create a 'Mars' inspired piece using their own ostinato	
	rhythms created using question and answer playing and	
	composing.	

	 <u>Required prior knowledge</u> Children should know: keeping a steady pulse creating a simple rhythm building on prior experience of letter notation and composing a melody in year 2 SUMMER	 End point compose and perform a 'Mars' inspired march including a steady pulse, their own ostinato and a crescendo performance of an alien themed song
	<u>The Secret Sky Garden</u> Children will sing unison and call and response songs and listen to music with a flower related theme including 'Waltz of the Flowers' by Tchaikovsky and 'Flight of the Bumblebee' by Rimsky Korsakov. They will learn to read and write simple rhythmic notation for crotchets and quavers and will compose an ostinato piece using these flower word rhythms.	Vocab: pulse, rhythm, ostinato, crotchet, paired quavers, presto, piano, forte, crescendo, diminuendo
	 <u>Required prior knowledge</u> Children should know: Iistening with increased attention to detail and recalling sounds how to sing songs using voices expressively for different characters and mood how to create an ostinato using improvised patterns. 	 End point performance of flower garden piece of music using notated rhythmic/melodic ostinato patterns – using crotchets and quavers and a 3-note range performance of flower themed song
Y4	AUTUMN	
	<u>Sweep</u> Children will focus on how music can communicate emotion and express a mood through singing unison and partner songs and listening to a variety of pieces including Beethoven's 5 th Symphony and identifying the key features. They will create their own version of Beethoven's 5 th in sonata form including: a rhythmic motif, a twisting melody, a	Vocab: symphony, sonata, graphic score, minim, staccato, legato, largo, coda, motif, tonality

	development section and a coda.	
	Required prior knowledge	End point
	 Children should know: singing songs using voices expressively for different characters and mood listening and reflecting on pieces of music using suitable musical vocabulary reading and writing rhythmic notation using crotchets, paired quavers and minim composing music using suitable inter-related dimensions to create a mood 	 performance of Beethoven's 5th inspired piece including or rhythmic motif, twisting melody, development section, recap and a coda notate 2 note melody using Beethoven's rhythmic motif and perform it jagged (staccato) notate twisting melody using a limited range of 5 pitches f twisting melody, performing it gently and smoothly (legator)
	SUMMER	
	<u>Chapatti Moon</u> Children will listen to Indian classical music including 'Symphony – finale' by Ravi Shankar. They will identify the timbre and key features of the music including drones, ragas, call and response 2-note patterns, sung Indian drum syllables and a coda. They will create their own piece in the style of Ravi Shankar using these key features and structure.	Vocab: rhythm, ostinato, crescendo, diminuendo, improvise, tempo, drone, raga, coda, timbre
	 <u>Required prior knowledge</u> Children should know: Iistening and reflecting on pieces of music using suitable musical vocabulary improvise and compose music for a purpose reading and writing rhythmic notation using crotchets and quavers how to sing songs using voices expressively for different characters and mood 	 End point create and perform a Ravi Shankar inspired piece of music including improvised solos using a 5-note range of the raga scale, drone, call and response two-note patterns, sung syllables and a coda
Y5	AUTUMN	

Elotsam Children will study water themed music through singing a 4-part round and songs and listening to 'La Mer, Play of the Waves' by Debussy and 'Storm' by Benjamin Britten. They will explore the inter-related dimensions of timbre, dynamics, and pitch to improvise a water themed piece based on Monet's impressionist sea pictures. They will learn to read and play the rhythm of 'Storm' and invent musical motifs focusing on pitch, ostinato rhythms and dynamics to be used in a class piece.	Vocab: quaver, crotchet, minim, semiquaver, round, ostinato, rondo, mezzo forte, mezzo piano, instrument families
 <u>Required prior knowledge</u> Children should know: timbre of musical instruments how to read and write simple rhythmic notation – crotchet, paired quavers, minim, semiquavers sonata and ternary form structure how to perform songs with increasingly complex melodies requiring vocal agility accurately and with expression 	 End point compose and perform a 'Storm' inspired piece of music in rondo form incorporating short melodic musical motifs within an octave note range C-C moving by step and a wide range of dynamics – pianissimo, mezzo piano, mezzo forte, sforzando include a variety of simple rhythmic notation - crotchets, paired quavers, minim, semiquavers
<u>The Lazy Friend</u> Children will sing environmental partner songs and listen to music of the rainforest including 'The Little Train of the Caipira' by Villa-Lobos. They will experiment with dynamics, tempo and texture to create a body percussion piece recreating sound of a rainstorm. They will explore playing Villa Lobos' rhythms, using syncopation, and experimenting with tempo using accelerando and rallentando. They will create a piece in a similar style to 'Villa-Lobos.'	Vocab: mezzo piano, mezzo forte, sforzando, accelerando, rallentando, crotchet, minim, quaver, semiquaver, rondo
Required prior knowledge Children should know: • keeping a steady pulse	End point • to compose and perform a piece in the style of 'The Little Train of the Caipira' incorporating rhythmic and melodic

¥6	 how to create ostinato rhythms listen with attention to detail and recall sounds in pieces of music with increasing aural memory how to perform songs with increasingly complex melodies requiring vocal agility accurately and with expression 	 train ostinato using 4 pitches CEGA used in Villa-Lobos' piece, tempo changes including accelerando and rallentando and short, repetitive melody moving by step include a variety of rhythmic and staff notation - crotchets, paired quavers, minim, semiquavers
10	<u>Somebody Swallowed Stanley</u> Children will sing environmental songs including partner songs and melodies with increasing complexity. Learn to sing the 'Plastic' song. Children to write their own unique words for a rap raising awareness of plastic issues in our oceans. They will use music technology to create an accompaniment for their rap.	Vocab: pulse, rhythm, chorus, sforzando, bridge, hip hop, rap, dynamics, pianissimo, verse
	 Required prior knowledge Children should know: listening with attention to detail and recall sounds in pieces of music with increasing aural memory exploring body percussion composing music using suitable inter-related dimensions to create a mood how to perform songs with increasingly complex melodies requiring vocal agility accurately and with expression 	 End point performance of plastic rap with backing music created performance of 'Love Song to the Earth' using increasingly complex melodies requiring vocal agility with suitable dynamic contrasts, control and expression
SPRING		
	<u>The Wonder</u> Children will sing partner songs, listen to, and play music based on a fairground and flying theme including 'Hedwig's Theme' and 'E.T.' by John Williams. Children to create and perform a mood-soundscape for a fairground ride of their choice using 3/4 metre. They will sing songs related to the different lands visited including 'Wonder' by Emile Sande and	Vocab: ternary, major, minor, pianissimo, sforzando, rhythm, pitch, film score, rest, timbre

'Roller Ghoster.'	
Required prior knowledge	End point
Children should know:	• children will compose and perform a mood-soundscape for
 listening with attention to detail and recall sounds in pieces of music with increasing aural memory exploring suitable sounds for a soundscape how to perform songs with increasingly complex melodies requiring vocal agility accurately and with expression 	 a fairground ride of their choice using 3/4 metre perform song 'Roller Ghoster' in 2 parts with clear balance between parts, accuracy and expression